

THE PECULIARITIES OF ENDOSCOPIC MANIFESTATIONS OF BRONCHIAL TREE MUCOUS MEMBRANE INFLAMMATION IN TEEN-AGERS WITH PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS

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Summary

Clinical-roengenological, laboratory, microbiological and bronchological methods of examination of teen-agers with tuberculosis alone or in combination with chronic bronchitis uncovered the peculiarities of clinical course, depending on the variant of endobronchitis. There were described three types of endobronchitis: non-specific catarrhal-purulent, which corresponded to chronic bronchitis as nosological unit, specific endobronchitis in form of infiltrative bronchial tuberculosis and reactive "paraspecific" endobronchitis as the consequence of hypersensitization and non-stop toxic-allergic influence (tuberculosis toxication).